

# Ventriculoperitoneal Shunt Management

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- Adjustable differential pressure versus adjustable gravitational valves in pediatric hydrocephalus
  - Effectiveness of single-stage shunt replacement for Cutibacterium acnes CSF shunt infection
  - Resolution of tension pseudomeningocele complicating foramen magnum decompression for Chiari I malformation after ventriculoperitoneal shunt: A case report
  - A minimally invasive technique for ventriculoatrial shunt placement
  - A novel perspective on dissemination: somatic metastasis of germ cell tumors from the central nervous system
  - Integration of continuous lumbar drainage and third-generation EGFR-TKI in managing leptomeningeal metastasis-induced life-threatening intracranial hypertension: a case report
  - Burden of pediatric neural tube defects at a referral medical center in Tanzania
  - Implications of the glymphatic system in the diagnostic and surgical workup of normal pressure hydrocephalus
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## □ Perioperative Considerations

- Pre-op imaging (CT/MRI) to evaluate ventricular anatomy
  - Antibiotic prophylaxis
  - Valve selection based on age, pathology, and revision history
  - Intraoperative confirmation of ventricular catheter placement (navigation or ultrasound if complex)
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## □ Postoperative Monitoring

- **Immediate CT scan** to confirm catheter position, rule out pneumocephalus or hemorrhage
  - Clinical improvement in hydrocephalus-related symptoms
  - Wound inspection and signs of infection
  - **Shunt series X-rays** if malfunction is suspected
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## □ Diagnostic Tools in Suspected Failure

- **CT scan:** ventricle size changes (enlargement or slit ventricles)

- **Shunt series:** assess continuity and positioning of components
  - **Valve interrogation** with programming device (if applicable)
  - **Radionuclide shunt study** for functional assessment
  - **Reservoir tap:** opening pressure, CSF clarity and cell count
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## □ Management of Shunt Failure

- **Infection or obstruction** → full shunt system removal often necessary
  - **Isolated component failure** → partial revision may be sufficient
  - **Infection:** remove shunt → place temporary EVD → antibiotics → delayed reimplantation
  - Consider **ETV** as alternative in selected cases (e.g., aqueductal stenosis)
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## □ Long-Term Follow-Up

- Clinical assessment: gait, cognition, urinary function
- Periodic neuroimaging as indicated
- Valve pressure adjustments in programmable systems
- Patient/caregiver education on warning signs of dysfunction

## Letters to the Editor

In a [Letter to the Editor](#) Lu et al. published in the [Journal of Neurosurgery](#) to discuss [ventriculoperitoneal shunt management](#) strategies for [discharged](#) patients <sup>1)</sup>.

## Critical Appraisal

### - Strengths:

1. Highlights a clinically important gap—post-discharge VPS care.
2. Sparks important discussion on outpatient monitoring and follow-up protocols.

### - Limitations:

1. Absence of abstract/data: no study design, patient numbers, follow-up length or outcomes described.
2. Lacks novel evidence—appears more observational or comment-based rather than presenting new data.
3. Limited generalizability: single-center or experiential letter format.
4. Without details, it's impossible to assess validity or applicability.

- **Verdict:** While raising practical concerns is commendable, the letter's value is minimal without

supporting data. It should not change practice but may prompt more detailed studies or guidelines.

## Takeaway for Practicing Neurosurgeon

- Be vigilant about VPS patients after discharge—consider structured follow-up. - Recognize the need for standardized outpatient care (e.g., home nursing, telehealth check-ins, valve pressure reviews). - Use this letter as a prompt—not as evidence to alter protocols yet.

## Bottom Line (Score: 3/10)

- **Score:** 3/10 – Raises awareness but lacks [data, methodology](#), and actionable insights.
- **Bottom Line:** This letter draws attention to an under-addressed issue—post-discharge management of VPS patients—but in its current form, offers more suggestion than evidence. A useful conversation starter, but not a practice-changer.

## Categories & Tags

1. **WordPress Categories:** Letters, Neurosurgery, VPS, Patient Management
2. **Tags:** ventriculoperitoneal shunt, post-discharge care, outpatient monitoring, neurosurgery letter

<sup>1)</sup>

Lu J, Zhou J, Li Y. Letter to the Editor. Management of patients discharged from the hospital after VPS surgery. *J Neurosurg.* 2025 Jul 4:1-2. doi: 10.3171/2025.4.JNS25484. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 40614281.

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