## Ventriculoperitoneal shunt complication after dual antiplatelet therapy

Especially, invasive procedures like external ventricular drainage (EVD) or ventriculoperitoneal shunt (VPS), which are inevitable for patients presenting with hydrocephalus, might lead to intracerebral hemorrhages (ICH) or contusions along the trajectory of the catheters. However, abrupt cessation of antiplatelets should be avoided, since it might increase the risk of thromboembolism, especially during the acute period after stent placement <sup>1)</sup>.

Balancing the risk of stent-associated thromboembolism and perioperative hemorrhagic events is challenging. There are no evidence-based guidelines for the management of DAPT in patients who have recently undergone placement of neurovascular stent and require intracranial surgical procedures. Previous retrospective studies suggested that VPS in patients on DAPT might be associated with an increased risk of ICH; however most of the hemorrhages were asymptomatic <sup>2) 3)</sup>

The effect of the loading dose of antiplatelets prior to the stent coiling procedure in an unsecured wide necked ruptured intracranial aneurysm is not known.

In the series of Lodi et al carefully selected patients, therapeutic dual antiplatelet loading prior to Stent-assisted coiling of ruptured wide necked intracranial aneurysm was not associated with increased bleeding complications. However, thromboembolic events remain the main challenge. Further study is required to confirm the safety of antiplatelet loading in stent assisted ruptured intracranial aneurysm coiling <sup>4</sup>.

For wide-necked aneurysms, a stent may be used to prevent the coils from herniating out of the aneurysm into the blood vessel. When a stent is used, the patient is required to be on ASA (most commonly indefinitely, although certain centers stop all antiplatelet drugs after 1 year) and clopidogrel or alternative agents such as ticagrelor or prasugrel (typically for 3–6 months). Therefore, stent-assisted coiling is generally avoided in ruptured aneurysms, in part due to the fact that if an EVD, ventricular shunt, or craniotomy is needed it may require temporary reversal of antiplatelet medication, which increases the risk of acute in-stent thrombosis. However, it has also been undertaken successfully in ruptured cases, with 93% technical success, clinically significant ICH in 8% (including 10% known to have EVDs), and significant thromboembolic events in 6% <sup>5)</sup>.

1)

H. Nishido, M. Piotin, B. Bartolini, S. Pistocchi, H. Redjem, R. Blanc, Analysis of complications and recurrences of aneurysm coiling with special emphasis on the stent-assisted technique, AJNR Am. J. Neuroradiol. 35 (2) (2014) 339–344

2)

J.S. Hudson, Y. Nagahama, D. Nakagawa, R.M. Starke, B.J. Dlouhy, J.C. Torner, P. Jabbour, L. Allan, C.P. Derdeyn, J.D.W. Greenlee, D. Hasan, Hemorrhage associated with ventriculoperitoneal shunt placement in aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage patients on a regimen of dual antiplatelet therapy: a retrospective analysis, J. Neurosurg. 129 (4) (2018) 916–921.

## 3)

K.B. Mahaney, N. Chalouhi, S. Viljoen, J. Smietana, D.K. Kung, P. Jabbour, K.R. Bulsara, M. Howard, D.M. Hasan, Risk of hemorrhagic complication associated with ventriculoperitoneal shunt placement in aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage patients on dual antiplatelet therapy, J. Neurosurg. 119 (4) (2013) 937–942

Lodi YM, Latorre JG, El-Zammar Z, Swarnkar A, Deshaies E, Fessler RD. Stent assisted coiling of the ruptured wide necked intracranial aneurysm. J Neurointerv Surg. 2012 Jul;4(4):281-6. doi: 10.1136/neurintsurg-2011-010035. Epub 2011 Jul 18. PubMed PMID: 21990500.

Bodily KD, Cloft HJ, Lanzino G, et al. Stent-assisted coiling in acutely ruptured intracranial aneurysms: a qualitative, systematic review of the literature. AJNR Am J Neuroradiol. 2011; 32:1232–1236

From: https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/ - Neurosurgery Wiki Permanent link: https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=ventriculoperitoneal\_shunt\_complication\_after\_dual\_antiplatelet\_therapy Last update: 2024/06/07 02:53