

The term “syndromic” refers to a medical condition or disorder that is characterized by a collection of signs and symptoms that occur together and indicate a specific disease or health condition. Syndromic conditions may be caused by genetic or environmental factors, or a combination of both.

Syndromic diseases or disorders can be diagnosed based on the specific combination of signs and symptoms that are present, without the need for genetic or other laboratory testing. However, in some cases, laboratory testing or genetic analysis may be needed to confirm the diagnosis or determine the underlying cause of the condition.

Examples of syndromic conditions include Down syndrome, Turner syndrome, Marfan syndrome, and Asperger syndrome. These conditions are each characterized by a specific collection of signs and symptoms that are associated with the condition, and diagnosis is typically based on clinical evaluation and medical history.

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