Secondary dystonia

Refers to dystonia brought on by some identified cause, such as head injury, drug side effect (e.g. tardive dystonia), or neurological disease (e.g. Wilson's disease).

Levodopa Responsive Juvenile Dystonia and Parkinsonism Secondary to SPG11 Mutation.

see Generalized dystonia.

The aim of a study was to evaluate the use of a novel technique for baclofen delivery using an intrathecal catheter inserted through a lumbar laminotomy with the tip placed at the cisterna magna (supraspinal baclofen (SSB)) for the treatment of severe generalized secondary dystonia.

A cohort study of six individuals (4M/2F, mean \pm SD = 15 \pm 4.86 years) with generalized dystonia unresponsive to oral medications were treated with SSB and followed clinically for 8 years. Intrathecal catheter tips were positioned under fluoroscopic guidance just above the level of the foramen magnum, at the cisterna magna.

Five of the 6 patients experienced sustained benefit with SSB; the group mean modified Fahn-Marsden scale scores decreased from 95 to 55 (t = 3.29, p = 0.02). One patient suffered a complex pump pocket infection and therefore underwent pump explanation.

Supraspinal baclofen may be an effective method for infusing baclofen into the ventricular system of the brain for the treatment of secondary dystonia which is unresponsive to oral therapy ¹).

Focal Dystonia

Focal Dystonia

1)

Wu J, Ceverha B, Yeh BY, BeDell KK. Supraspinal baclofen for the treatment of secondary generalized dystonia: A case series. J Pediatr Rehabil Med. 2022 Mar 4. doi: 10.3233/PRM-210044. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35253660.

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