

The **coccyx** (/ˈkɒksɪks/ kok-siks; plural: coccyges), commonly referred to as the tailbone, is the final segment of the vertebral column in humans and apes. Comprising three to five separate or fused coccygeal vertebrae below the **sacrum**. It is attached to the sacrum by a fibrocartilaginous joint, the **sacrococcygeal symphysis**, which permits limited movement between the sacrum and the coccyx.

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Last update: **2024/06/07 02:59**

