

Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses

- Risk Factors, Indications, and Effectiveness of Cerebrospinal Fluid Diversion in Patients With High-Grade Glioma-Associated Hydrocephalus: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis
- Comparative outcomes of surgical and conservative management of pediatric intracranial cavernous malformations: a systematic review and meta-analysis
- Efficacy of Ramelteon, Suvorexant, and Lemborexant for Delirium Prevention in Hospitalized Patients: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis
- The performance of artificial intelligence in image-based prediction of hematoma enlargement: a systematic review and meta-analysis
- Is It Safe to Use Tranexamic Acid for Chronic Subdural Hematoma: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis
- Early versus Delayed Surgical Decompression in Spinal Cord Injury: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis
- Titanium-Coated Polyetheretherketone Cages Versus Uncoated Polyetheretherketone Cages for Lumbar Spinal Fusion: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis
- The safety and efficacy of dabrafenib plus trametinib for patients with brain metastatic melanoma: a systematic review and meta-analysis

<http://www.prisma-statement.org>

PRISMA stands for Preferred Reporting Items for [Systematic Reviews](#) and [Meta-analysis](#). It is an evidence-based minimum set of items for reporting in systematic reviews and meta-analyses.

The aim of the PRISMA Statement is to help authors improve the reporting of systematic reviews and meta-analyses.

PRISMA can also be used as a basis for reporting systematic reviews of other types of research, particularly evaluations of interventions.

PRISMA may also be useful for critical appraisal of published systematic reviews, although it is not a quality assessment instrument to gauge the quality of a systematic review.

The PRISMA Statement consists of a 27-item checklist and a four-phase flow diagram. It is an evolving document that is subject to change periodically as new evidence emerges. In fact, the PRISMA Statement is an update and expansion of the now-outdated QUOROM Statement.

Checklist

TITLE

1 Identify the report as a systematic review, meta-analysis, or both.

ABSTRACT Structured summary

2 Provide a structured summary including, as applicable: background; objectives; data sources; study

eligibility criteria, participants, and interventions; study appraisal and synthesis methods; results; limitations; conclusions and implications of key findings; systematic review registration number.

From:
<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/> - Neurosurgery Wiki

Permanent link:
https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=preferred_reporting_items_for_systematic_reviews_and_metaanalyses

Last update: **2025/04/10 07:33**

