

A porous gradient polycaprolactone scaffold is a type of tissue engineering scaffold used for bone regeneration. The scaffold is made from the biodegradable polymer [polycaprolactone](#), which is processed into a porous structure with a gradient of pore sizes. The scaffold's gradient structure allows for the gradual transfer of mechanical stress from the surrounding tissue to the implanted scaffold, promoting bone formation and integration. The pores within the scaffold also allow for the infiltration of cells and nutrients, facilitating tissue regeneration. Porous gradient polycaprolactone scaffolds are being investigated for their potential use in bone tissue engineering applications, such as repairing bone defects or enhancing bone fusion.

Integrating a [biomimetic extracellular matrix](#) to improve the [microenvironment](#) of [3D printing scaffolds](#) is an emerging [strategy](#) for [bone substitute](#) design.

A “soft-hard” bone implant (BM-g-DPCL) consisting of a [bioactive matrix](#) chemically integrated on a [polydopamine](#) (PDA)-coated porous gradient scaffold by polyphenol groups is constructed. The PDA-coated “hard” [scaffolds](#) promoted Ca²⁺ chelation and mineral deposition; the “soft” bioactive matrix is beneficial to the [migration](#), [proliferation](#), and osteogenic differentiation of [stem cells in vitro](#), accelerated endogenous [stem cell](#) recruitment and initiated rapid [angiogenesis](#) in vivo. The results of the [rabbit cranial defect model](#) ($\Phi = 10$ mm) confirmed that BM-g-DPCL promoted the integration between [bone tissue](#) and [implant](#) and induced the deposition of [bone matrix](#). [Proteomics](#) confirmed that [cytokine](#) adhesion, biomineralization, rapid [vascularization](#), and [extracellular matrix](#) formation are major factors that accelerate [bone defect healing](#). This strategy of highly chemically bonded soft-hard components guided the construction of the bioactive regenerative scaffold ¹⁾.

¹⁾

Liu Q, Chen M, Gu P, Tong L, Wang P, Zhu J, Xu Y, Lu G, Luo E, Liang J, Fan Y, Zhang X, Sun Y. Covalently Grafted [Biomimetic Matrix](#) Reconstructs the Regenerative Microenvironment of the [Porous Gradient Polycaprolactone Scaffold](#) to Accelerate [Bone Remodeling](#). *Small*. 2023 Feb 11:e2206960. doi: 10.1002/smll.202206960. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 36772909.

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