

# Paulus of Aegina

Paulus of Aegina (625-690 AD) was the last of the prolific Byzantine physicians. His works consolidated and extended the knowledge of his predecessors, with pioneering efforts to improve the surgical management of spinal injuries. In this paper, we review the literature to present an overview of the remarkable evolution of spine surgery throughout classical antiquity. In particular, we discuss the contributions of Paulus to this corpus and explore his classic seven-book anthology, *Epitomae Medicae Libri Septem* (Medical Compendium in Seven Books). In reviewing Paulus' legacy, we illustrate the significant milestones in the early development of anatomical and functional knowledge of the spine <sup>1)</sup>.

<sup>1)</sup>

Jang K, Rosenfeld JV, Di Ieva A. Paulus of Aegina and the historical origins of spine surgery. *World Neurosurg*. 2019 Oct 15. pii: S1878-8750(19)32641-5. doi: 10.1016/j.wneu.2019.10.026. [Epub ahead of print] Review. PubMed PMID: 31627004.

From:

<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/> - **Neurosurgery Wiki**

Permanent link:

[https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=paulus\\_of\\_aegina](https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=paulus_of_aegina)

Last update: **2024/06/07 02:53**

