

NAG scale

Early [hematoma expansion](#) (HE) is not rare in [intracerebral hemorrhage](#) (ICH) patients, but detecting those [patients](#) with high risk of HE is challenging. The aim of this retrospective study was to investigate the factors associated with HE in acute [ICH](#) patients, and to develop a simple predictive scale for HE.

Sakuta et al. retrospectively reviewed consecutive patients with primary ICH, who received an initial non-contrast [computed tomography](#) (CT) scan within 24 hours from symptom onset. Patients underwent follow-up CT scans at 6 hours, 24 hours, and 7 days after admission. They compared the clinical characteristics of patients with and without HE (defined as an increase in intracerebral hemorrhage volume >33% or an absolute increase >6 mL on follow-up CT scans), and performed a logistic regression analysis to determine the predictors of HE.

A total of 118 patients (78 men; median age 63 years; interquartile range 54-73) were included in the study. HE was observed in 30 patients (25%). HE patients showed higher rates of anticoagulant use (20% vs. 2%, respectively; $P=0.003$), high National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale on admission (13 vs. 7, respectively; $P=0.001$), and high plasma glucose (141 mg/dl vs. 113 mg/dl, respectively; $P=0.001$) compared with patients without HE. After multivariate logistic regression analysis, we selected three factors for defining the NAG scale (1 point as baseline National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale ≥ 10 , 1 point as anticoagulant use, and 1 point as plasma glucose ≥ 133 mg/dL). The frequencies of HE associated with the NAG scale scores were as follows: score 0, 4%; score 1, 25%; score 2, 60%; score 3, 100%.

Stroke severity, [hyperglycemia](#), and [anticoagulation](#) use were factors independently associated with HE. The NAG scale consists of readily available factors and can predict HE ¹⁾.

¹⁾

Sakuta K, Sato T, Komatsu T, Sakai K, Terasawa Y, Mitsumura H, Iguchi Y. The NAG scale: Noble Predictive Scale for Hematoma Expansion in Intracerebral Hemorrhage. *J Stroke Cerebrovasc Dis.* 2018 Oct;27(10):2606-2612. doi: 10.1016/j.jstrokecerebrovasdis.2018.05.020. Epub 2018 Jun 27. PubMed PMID: 29958849.

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