Merlin Immunohistochemistry for Meningioma Diagnosis

☐ Background

- Merlin is the tumor suppressor protein encoded by the NF2 gene on chromosome 22q.
- In sporadic meningiomas, especially of lateral or convexity location and higher grade, NF2
 deletions/mutations are frequent.
- Loss of merlin expression has been proposed as a surrogate immunohistochemical marker for NF2 inactivation.

☐ Immunohistochemistry Technique

- Antibodies: N-terminal, C-terminal, and phosphorylated merlin (Ser518).
- **Tissue**: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded meningioma samples.
- **Scoring**: Semi-quantitative (intensity and extent of cytoplasmic staining).

☐ Findings from Tollefsen et al.

- Study of 172 meningiomas, with 20 having known NF2 status.
- All tumors showed some level of **merlin immunoreactivity**, including phosphorylated merlin.
- Phospho-merlin was more expressed in meningothelial subtypes.
- No consistent correlation between IHC merlin expression and NF2 mutation/deletion.
- No clear association with WHO grade or clinical outcome

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☎ Strengths and Limitations

☐ Strengths

- Widely available and low-cost.
- Morphological correlation possible.
- Phospho-merlin gives insights into **functional status** of merlin.

□ Limitations

- No strong correlation with NF2 gene alterations.
- Phosphorylated merlin may be misleading (inactive form still stains).
- Variability in IHC interpretation and scoring.
- Risk of non-specific staining.

Clinical Implications

- Merlin IHC is not a reliable surrogate marker for NF2 mutation.
- Should not replace molecular techniques (NGS, FISH).
- Can be used as **supportive information** in context (e.g., NF2-related meningiomatosis).
- Most useful in research and subtype analysis.

☐ Conclusion

Merlin immunohistochemistry offers biological insight into meningiomas but lacks the specificity and predictive value required for routine use as a surrogate for NF2 status. **Molecular confirmation is essential.**

□ References

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Tollefsen SE, Meta R, Solheim O, Mjønes P, Vestrheim I, Sjursen W, Torp SH. Merlin immunoreactivity fails to predict neurofibromatosis type 2 mutations in human meningiomas. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol. 2025 May 30:nlaf058. doi: 10.1093/jnen/nlaf058. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 40447281.

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