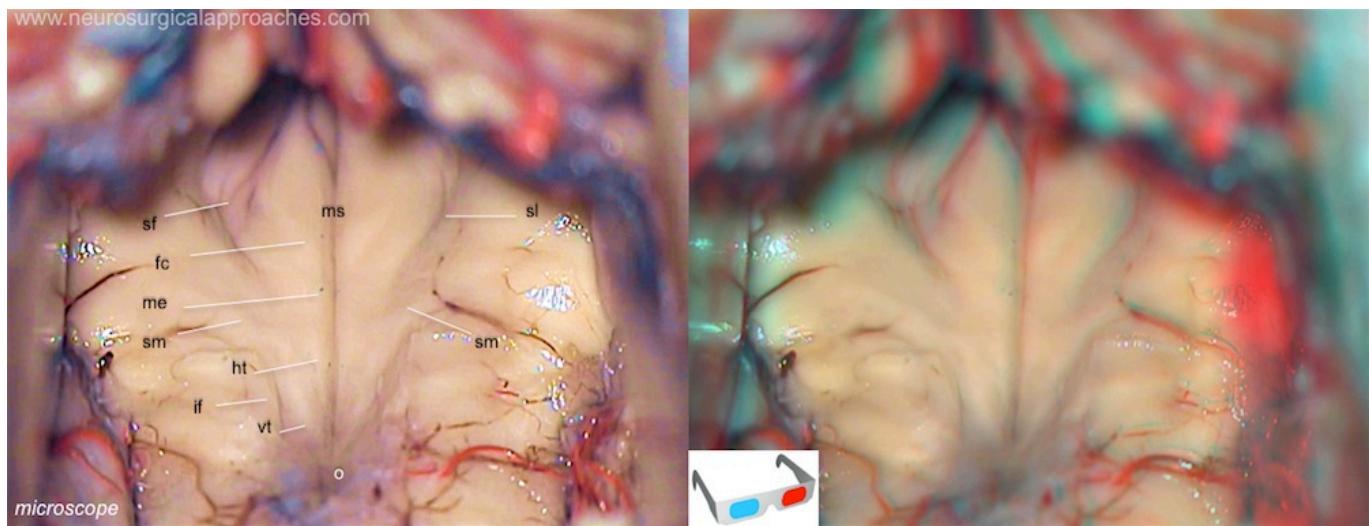
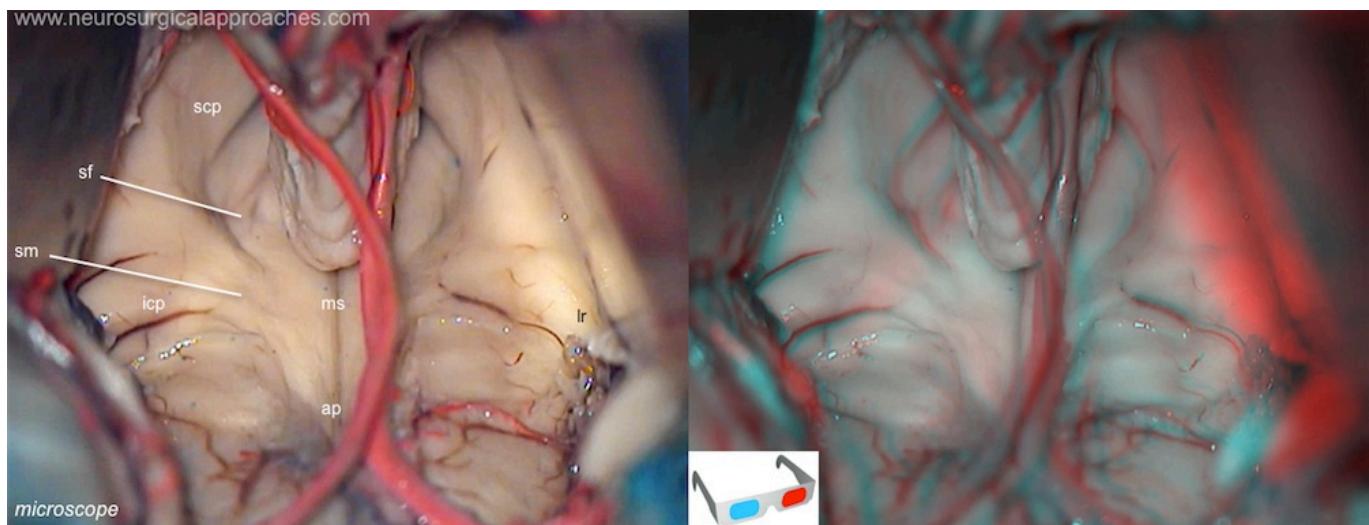


# Medullary striae of fourth ventricle

Winding around the [inferior cerebellar peduncle](#) in the lower part of the [fourth ventricle](#), and crossing the area acustica and the [medial eminence](#) are a number of white strands, the medullary striae, which form a portion of the cochlear division of the vestibulocochlear nerve and disappear into the [median sulcus](#).



Floor of the fourth ventricle: fc: [facial colliculus](#); ht: [hypoglossal triangle](#); if: [inferior fovea](#); me: [medial eminence](#); ms: [median sulcus](#); o: [obex](#); sf: [superior fovea](#); sl: [sulcus limitans](#); sm: [medullary striae of fourth ventricle](#); vt: [vagal triangle](#).



Ap: [area postrema](#); icp: [inferior cerebellar peduncle](#); lr: [lateral recess](#); ms: [median sulcus](#); scp: [superior cerebellar peduncle](#); sf: [superior fovea](#); sm: [Medullary striae of fourth ventricle](#).

From:  
<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/> - **Neurosurgery Wiki**

Permanent link:  
[https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=medullary\\_striae\\_of\\_fourth\\_ventricle](https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=medullary_striae_of_fourth_ventricle)

Last update: **2024/06/07 02:59**



