

Management

- Prevalence and antibiotic resistance of pathogens isolated from neurosurgical patients with postoperative central nervous system infections in a tertiary hospital in North China
- Continuous Intravenous Nimodipine Infusion With Ethanol as Carrier in Aneurysmal Subarachnoid Hemorrhage Does Not Result in Measurable Cerebral Ethanol Levels
- Thrombectomy Versus Medical Management for Pediatric Arterial Ischemic Stroke With Large Baseline Infarct
- Lactate levels during anesthesia in patients undergoing craniopharyngioma surgery
- Radiofrequency Ablation of Painful Spinal Metastasis: A Systematic Review
- Spinal Arachnoid Cysts: A Single-Center Preliminary Surgical Experience with a Rare and Challenging Disease
- Advancing Neurosurgical Oncology and AI Innovations in Latin American Brain Cancer Care: Insights from a Center of Excellence
- Predictive Factors Affecting the Need for Mechanical Ventilation in Acute Traumatic Cervical Spinal Cord Injury

Management and [treatment](#) are terms commonly used in the context of [healthcare](#) and various other fields. While they are related concepts, they have distinct meanings:

Definition

Management refers to the overall [coordination](#) and [organization](#) of resources, activity, and strategy to achieve a particular goal or objective. It involves [planning](#), organizing, leading, and controlling resources to accomplish specific [tasks](#) efficiently and effectively.

Application: In healthcare, management may involve the coordination of healthcare services, allocation of resources, and development of policies and procedures to ensure the smooth functioning of a healthcare organization.

Treatment

Definition: Treatment, on the other hand, specifically refers to the actions and interventions taken to address a health condition or illness. It is a subset of management, focusing on the application of medical care or therapeutic measures to alleviate symptoms, cure or control a disease, or improve a patient's overall well-being.

Application: In healthcare, treatment encompasses a wide range of interventions, including medications, surgeries, physical therapy, counseling, and lifestyle modifications, aimed at managing or curing a specific medical condition.

In summary, management is a broader term that encompasses the overall coordination and organization of activities to achieve goals, while treatment is a specific component of management that involves actions and interventions to address a particular health condition. In healthcare, effective management often includes appropriate treatment strategies as part of a comprehensive approach to patient care.

A function that coordinates the efforts to accomplish **goals** and objectives using available **resources** **efficiently** and **effectively**. Management comprises **Planning**, organizing, staffing, leading or directing, and controlling an organization or initiative to accomplish a goal. Resourcing encompasses the deployment and manipulation of human resources, financial resources, technological resources, and natural resources. Management is also an academic discipline, a social science whose object of study is social organization.

[Anesthetic management](#)

see [Critical care](#).

see [Perioperative care](#).

[Pain management](#)

see [Postoperative Management](#).

see [Treatment](#).

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