Macrocytic anemia is a type of anemia characterized by larger-than-normal red blood cells (erythrocytes) with a mean corpuscular volume (MCV) greater than the normal range. This type of anemia can be caused by a deficiency in vitamin B12 or folic acid, or by certain medications or medical conditions that affect the production of red blood cells. The larger size of the red blood cells makes them less efficient at carrying oxygen, leading to symptoms such as fatigue, weakness, shortness of breath, and pale skin. Treatment of macrocytic anemia typically involves addressing the underlying cause, such as vitamin supplementation or medication changes, and in severe cases, blood transfusions may be necessary.

Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) can provide information about the size of red blood cells and can help diagnose and differentiate various types of anemia. For example, a low MCV may indicate microcytic anemia, while a high MCV may indicate macrocytic anemia.

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Last update: 2024/06/07 02:58