A **Level 1 Hospital** is typically a **primary care** facility that provides basic medical services and care to patients with less complex or urgent medical needs. These hospitals focus on general healthcare and outpatient services, with a capacity for treating common illnesses, minor injuries, and routine medical procedures.

In general, **Level 1 hospitals** offer:

- **Emergency care** for minor injuries or illnesses. - **Primary care services**, such as family medicine and basic diagnostics. - **Preventive health services** like vaccinations, wellness check-ups, and screenings. - **Maternity care** for uncomplicated births. - **Basic outpatient services** (e.g., physical exams, minor procedures, and consultations).

They do **not** typically offer specialized treatments or high-complexity procedures (like surgeries for serious trauma, neurosurgery, or organ transplants), which are instead referred to **Level 2** or **Level 3 hospitals** when necessary.

These hospitals are crucial in the healthcare system as they serve as the first point of contact for most patients and help manage general health conditions or stabilize patients before they are transferred to higher-level hospitals for specialized care.

Let me know if you need more details!

A Level 2 or Regional Hospital is a healthcare facility that provides specialized medical services and care to a larger population within a specific geographic area, typically covering a regional scope. These hospitals are equipped to handle a variety of medical conditions and surgeries, offering more advanced care than smaller, primary healthcare centers Level 1 hospital but not as extensive as the tertiary or teaching hospitals (Level 3 hospital).

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