Kyoto

Department of Neurosurgery, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto, 6068507 Japan.

Normal Pressure Hydrocephalus Center, Department of Neurosurgery and Stroke Center, Rakuwakai Otowa Hospital, Kyoto.

News

Induced pluripotent stem cells (also known as iPS cells or iPSCs) are a type of pluripotent stem cell that can be generated directly from adult cells. The iPSC technology was pioneered by Shinya Yamanaka's lab in Kyoto, Japan, who showed in 2006 that the introduction of four specific genes encoding transcription factors could convert adult cells into pluripotent stem cells.

He was awarded the 2012 Nobel Prize along with Sir John Gurdon "for the discovery that mature cells can be reprogrammed to become pluripotent."

Publications

see Kyoto publications.

From: https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/ - **Neurosurgery Wiki**

Permanent link: https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=kyoto

Last update: 2024/06/07 02:57

