

JAK inhibitor

JAK inhibitors are important therapeutic options for [hematologic disorders](#), especially [myeloproliferative neoplasms](#). Ruxolitinib, the first JAK inhibitor approved for clinical use, improves [splenomegaly](#) and ameliorates constitutional symptoms in both [myelofibrosis](#) and [polycythemia vera](#) patients. Ruxolitinib is also useful for controlling [hematocrit](#) levels in polycythemia vera patients who were inadequately controlled by conventional therapies. Furthermore, pretransplantation use of ruxolitinib may improve the outcome of allo-hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in [myelofibrosis](#). In contrast to these clinical merits, evidence of the disease-modifying action of ruxolitinib, i.e., reduction of malignant clones or improvement of bone marrow pathological findings, is limited, and many myelofibrosis patients discontinued ruxolitinib due to adverse events or disease progression. To overcome these limitations of ruxolitinib, several new types of JAK inhibitors have been developed. Among them, [fedratinib](#) was proven to provide clinical merits even in patients who were resistant or intolerant to ruxolitinib. [Pacritinib](#) and [mometinib](#) have shown merits for myelofibrosis patients with [thrombocytopenia](#) or [anemia](#), respectively. In addition to treatment for myeloproliferative neoplasms, recent studies have demonstrated that JAK inhibitors are novel and attractive therapeutic options for [corticosteroid-refractory acute as well as chronic graft versus host disease](#) ¹⁾

JAK2 inhibitor

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¹⁾

Kirito K. Recent progress of JAK inhibitors for hematological disorders. Immunol Med. 2022 Oct 28;1-12. doi: 10.1080/25785826.2022.2139317. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 36305377.

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