

Between 1996 and 2002, Kiefer and Eymann implanted 282 VP G-valves in various forms of [adult chronic hydrocephalus](#), of which 130 provided a complete data set with an annual follow-up. Adjustable and non-adjustable G-valves were used: the Miethke Dual-Switch valve, the Miethke GAV-valve and a combination of adjustable Codman-Hakim valves with the Miethke Shunt-Assistant. In cases of supposed mechanical shunt failure, the explanted shunts were examined in a bench test.

The total complication rate was 21%: 3% [shunt infections](#), 3% catheter dislocation/fracture, 5% [underdrainage](#) and 9% [overdrainage](#) occurred. Half of the overdrainage complications could be managed conservatively. Underdrainage complications resulted from the chosen opening pressure being too high ($n = 3$), a secondary increase in [intraperitoneal pressure](#) ($n = 2$) or from "real" [shunt failure](#) in one case according to bench test results.

G-valves demonstrate sufficient long-term performance over multiple years, and real shunt-related complications are rare. The frequency of revision due to overdrainage is low (4.5%) ¹⁾.

¹⁾

Kiefer M, Eymann R. Gravitational shunt complications after a five-year follow-up. Acta Neurochir Suppl. 2010;106:107-12. doi: 10.1007/978-3-211-98811-4_18. PMID: 19812930.

From:

<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/> - **Neurosurgery Wiki**

Permanent link:

https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=intraperitoneal_pressure

Last update: **2024/06/07 02:56**

