

# Dural closure

[Water-tight dural closure](#) is imperative after [neurosurgical procedures](#) because inadequately treated [leakage](#) of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) can have serious consequences.

## Types

A variety of techniques for [dural closure](#) have been described, employing natural and artificial materials.

[Water-tight dural closure.](#)

Water-tight with additional muscle patch/ not Water-tight with small or large defect (>1 cm) remaining).

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frameborder="0" allow="accelerometer; autoplay; encrypted-media; gyroscope; picture-in-picture"
allowfullscreen></iframe></html>
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When such a task cannot be performed, [dural substitute](#) and other adjunctive measures can provide an effective barrier between the subarachnoid compartment and the extradural space.

A novel technique for dural reconstruction involves [soft tissue](#) grafts in the form of fibrous or fibromuscular flaps, which are placed on the dural defects to seal the gaps. These soft tissue grafts represent an appropriate [scaffold](#) for cell ingrowth and [fibrosis](#), thus preventing CSF. In a pilot study, Velnar and Gradisink described the application of soft tissue grafts for dural reconstruction in 10 patients who underwent convexity meningioma surgery <sup>1)</sup>.

## Dural substitute

see [Dural substitute](#).

## Dural sealant

see [Dural sealant](#).

## Inlay-onlay dural repair technique

[Inlay-onlay dural repair technique](#)

<sup>1)</sup>

Velnar T, Gradisnik L. Soft tissue grafts for dural reconstruction after meningioma surgery. Bosn J Basic Med Sci. 2019 Mar 11. doi: 10.17305/bjbms.2019.3949. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID:

30877836.

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Last update: **2024/06/07 02:56**

