

# Competency

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Competency refers to the ability to do something successfully or efficiently. It includes a combination of knowledge, skills, and behaviors that are necessary to perform a task or role effectively.

Types of Competencies: Technical Competency – specific knowledge or skills related to a job (e.g., programming, operating medical equipment).

Behavioral (or Soft) Competency – traits or interpersonal skills (e.g., communication, teamwork, adaptability).

Core Competency – fundamental qualities that are essential across roles in an organization or profession (e.g., integrity, problem-solving).

Leadership Competency – skills needed to lead others (e.g., strategic thinking, decision-making, conflict resolution).

Example: A nurse's competencies may include clinical knowledge, patient communication, time management, and ethical decision-making.

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In surgical [education](#), technical competency is one of the key factors of [efficacy](#) in the [curriculum](#), and it is an independent factor that is directly associated with postoperative patient outcomes <sup>1) 2)</sup>

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By gathering large amounts of [data](#) from surgical [simulation training](#), [machine learning](#), and deep learning algorithms can be used to design intelligent tutoring systems to deliver a [curriculum](#) enhanced with [artificial intelligence](#) (AI) <sup>3) 4) 5)</sup>.

An [intelligent tutoring system](#) is a pedagogical tool powered by an AI model that can provide learners with tailored performance assessment and feedback

## Competency-based education in neurosurgery

[Competency-based education in neurosurgery](#)

## Peripheral Nerve Surgery Competency

[Peripheral Nerve Surgery Competency](#)

# Spine surgery competency

## Spine surgery competency

1)

Stulberg JJ, Huang R, Kreutzer L, et al.. Association between surgeon technical skills and patient outcomes. JAMA Surg. 2020;155(10):960-968. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2020.3007

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3)

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4)

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5)

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