

□ Chronic Subdural Hematoma (CSDH)

A *Chronic Subdural Hematoma (CSDH)* is a **collection of blood and its breakdown products** located between the **dura mater** and the **arachnoid mater** of the brain, typically developing **over weeks** following minor head trauma or spontaneously in vulnerable individuals.

□ Time Course

- **Chronic** = Symptoms and hematoma develop **≥3 weeks** after the initial bleeding event.
- Often preceded by **acute or subacute bleeding** that becomes encapsulated and liquefied over time.

⚠ Risk Factors

[Chronic Subdural Hematoma Etiology.](#)

□ Pathophysiology

[Chronic Subdural Hematoma Pathophysiology](#)

□ Symptoms

[Chronic Subdural Hematoma Clinical Features](#)

- Headache
- Cognitive decline or confusion
- Gait disturbance
- Focal neurological deficits (e.g., hemiparesis)
- Seizures
- Decreased consciousness (in severe cases)

□ Diagnosis

[Chronic subdural hematoma diagnosis.](#)

⚙ Treatment Options

[Chronic Subdural Hematoma Treatment](#)

▢ Related Terms

- [Acute Subdural Hematoma](#)
- [Middle Meningeal Artery Embolization](#)
- [Neurosurgical Procedures](#)

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Last update: **2025/06/15 15:03**

