

Chronic Cerebral Ischemia

- Bone Marrow-Derived Inducible Microglia-like Cells Promote Recovery of Chronic Ischemic Stroke Through Modulating Neuroinflammation in Mice
- Tranexamic Acid Ameliorated Bleeding Tendency in Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm-Induced Chronic Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation
- Prophylactic administration of Xuesaitong soft capsule ameliorating depression-like behaviors in rats after ischemic stroke by modulating metabolic disturbance
- Cellular and Molecular Interactions in CNS Injury: The Role of Immune Cells and Inflammatory Responses in Damage and Repair
- IFP35, a novel DAMP, aggravates neuroinflammation following acute ischemic stroke via TLR4/NF-κB/NLRP3 signaling
- Effect of electroacupuncture on expression in blood-brain barrier in rats with cerebral ischemia-reperfusion injury by regulating HIF-1α/VEGF/MMP-9 signaling pathway
- Moyamoya disease in a 10-year-old male patient in the Middle East with the outcome of the surgery: A case report and literature review
- Antroquinonol mitigates Tau hyperphosphorylation, neuronal damage and cognitive impairments in a chronic cerebral ischemia rat model

Both terms, “[chronic ischemic stroke](#)” and “chronic cerebral ischemia,” are used in the medical literature, but the choice of terminology may vary among healthcare professionals and researchers. Generally, “chronic ischemic stroke” is more commonly used when specifically referring to a long-term or recurring lack of blood flow to the brain leading to stroke. On the other hand, “chronic cerebral ischemia” may be used more broadly to describe a prolonged reduction in blood supply to the brain, which could include conditions beyond [stroke](#), such as chronic insufficient blood flow without the occurrence of a stroke.

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