

A 51-year-old female who developed bilateral **cerebellar hemorrhages** following **opioid** and **benzodiazepine** overdose. **Malignant cerebellar edema** is a rare but recognized complication following opiate overdose in children or chronic **heroin** toxicity. However, acute cerebellar involvement is rarely reported in adults. Ahmed et al. feel that clinicians and radiologists should keep in mind the possibility of opioid toxic **encephalopathy** in their differential for adults with acute bilateral cerebellar infarctions and/or hemorrhages ¹⁾

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Ahmed U, Wilson R, Hung SC. Bilateral cerebellar **hemorrhagic infarcts** as an early presentation following **opioid**-induced toxic encephalopathy in an adult patient. Radiol Case Rep. 2021 Mar 20;16(5):1207-1210. doi: 10.1016/j.radcr.2021.02.073. PMID: 33815643; PMCID: PMC8010571.

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