Case conference

- Society of MYND (Mentorship of Young Neurosurgical Doctors): a project for the ongoing education of junior faculty pediatric neurosurgeons
- Implementing best practice for peripheral intravenous cannula use in Australian emergency departments: a stepped-wedge cluster-controlled trial and health economic analysis protocol
- Primary spinal cord astroblastoma: a case report and systematic review of the literature detailing management and understanding histopathological, epigenetic, and molecular analysis
- Current Standards and Future Directions of Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy Respiratory Care: The PPMD Italy Meeting Report
- Freiburg Neuropathology Case Conference: Gait Ataxia, Segmental Hypoesthesia, and Combined Incontinence in a 57-Years-Old Patient
- Cervical disc replacement in athletes: a modified Delphi Consensus Survey of expert opinion
- Challenges in the Management of Pediatric Pancreatic Hydatid Disease: A Systematic Review of the Literature and Our Clinical Experience
- An Unusual Presentation of Peri-Lead Edema Following Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease: A Case Report and Review of the Literature

A case conference is a meeting where healthcare professionals discuss and collaborate on the diagnosis, treatment, and management of a specific medical case. It serves as a forum for interdisciplinary communication and decision-making. Case conferences are commonly held in various medical settings, including hospitals, clinics, and academic institutions. The participants in a case conference may include:

Physicians and Specialists: Medical doctors from different specialties, such as oncologists, surgeons, radiologists, pathologists, and others, may come together to share their expertise and insights on a complex case.

Nurses: Nursing staff, including nurse practitioners and other specialized nurses, can contribute valuable information about patient care, treatment adherence, and potential challenges.

Other Healthcare Professionals: Depending on the case, professionals such as pharmacists, physical therapists, social workers, and nutritionists may be involved to provide a comprehensive perspective on patient care.

Trainees and Students: Case conferences also provide a valuable learning opportunity for medical students, residents, and other healthcare trainees to observe and participate in discussions about real-world cases.

Administrative Staff: In some cases, administrative staff may be involved to ensure the logistics of patient care are appropriately managed.

The goals of a case conference typically include:

Multidisciplinary Collaboration: Facilitating communication and collaboration among healthcare professionals from different specialties ensures a well-rounded approach to patient care.

Information Sharing: Participants share relevant clinical information, diagnostic findings, and treatment plans to collectively determine the best course of action for the patient.

Problem Solving: Complex medical cases often require creative problem-solving. The collective

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expertise of the team can lead to innovative solutions and treatment strategies.

Education and Training: Case conferences provide a platform for continuous medical education, allowing healthcare professionals to learn from each other's experiences and expertise.

Quality Improvement: By reviewing and discussing cases, healthcare providers can identify areas for improvement in patient care processes and protocols.

Overall, case conferences play a crucial role in improving patient outcomes, fostering collaboration among healthcare professionals, and promoting continuous learning within the medical community.

Freiburg Neuropathology Case Conference

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