

# Article Retraction by Country

[China](#) was the leading [country](#) of origin for [retracted publications](#), with 30% of the [publications](#) included in a study of Wang et al. <sup>1)</sup>. This category was followed closely by the [United States](#), accounting for 25% of the retracted publications. A study by Amos in 2014 also reported that China had the most retracted publications because of [plagiarism](#) and [duplicate publications](#) <sup>2)</sup>.

Fang et al. <sup>3)</sup> also found that the top 3 countries with the most retracted publications for these reasons were the [United States](#), [China](#), and [India](#), which is in keeping with the results of Wang et al.

<sup>1)</sup>

Wang J, Ku J, Alotaibi NM, Rutka JT. Retraction of Neurosurgical Publications: A Systematic Review. World Neurosurg. 2017 Apr 12. pii: S1878-8750(17)30509-0. doi: 10.1016/j.wneu.2017.04.014. [Epub ahead of print] Review. PubMed PMID: 28412480.

<sup>2)</sup>

Amos KA. The ethics of scholarly publishing: exploring differences in plagiarism and duplicate publication across nations. J Med Libr Assoc. 2014; 102:87-91.

<sup>3)</sup>

Fang FC, Steen RG, Casadevall A. Misconduct accounts for the majority of retracted scientific publications. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2012;109: 17028-17033.

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