

1956

1955-1957

Georges de Morsier first recognized the relation of a rudimentary or absent **septum pellucidum** with hypoplasia of the **optic nerves** and **chiasm** in **1956**¹⁾.

The earliest descriptions of the technique have always been attributed to **Ralph Bingham Cloward**, **George W. Smith**, and Robinson. However, in the French literature, this procedure was also described by others during the exact same time period (in the 1950s). At a meeting in Paris in **1955**, Belgians Albert Dereymaeker and Joseph Cyriel Mulier, a neurosurgeon and an orthopedic surgeon, respectively, described the technique that involved an **anterior cervical disectomy** and the placement of an **cortical iliac crest autograft** in the **intervertebral disc space**. In **1956**, a summary of their oral presentation was published, and a subsequent paper-an illustrated description of the technique and the details of a larger case series with a 3.5-year follow-up period-followed in **1958**. The list of authors who first described ACDF should be completed by adding Dereymaeker's and Mulier's names. They made an important contribution to the practice of **spinal surgery** that was not generally known because they published in French²⁾.

¹⁾

Études sur les dysraphies, crânioencéphaliques. III. Agénésie du septum pallidum avec malformation du tractus optique. La dysplasie septo-optique. Schweizer Archiv für Neurologie und Psychiatrie, Zurich, 1956, 77: 267-292.

²⁾

Bartels RHMA, Goffin J. Albert Dereymaeker and Joseph Cyriel Mulier's description of anterior cervical disectomy with fusion in 1955. J Neurosurg Spine. 2018 Jan 12:1-6. doi: 10.3171/2017.7.SPINE17182. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 29327972.

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