

1906

1905-1907

Initial attempts at transcranial approaches to the pituitary gland in the late 1800s and early 1900s resulted in a mortality rate that was generally considered prohibitive. Schloffer suggested the use of a transsphenoidal route as a safer, alternative approach to the sella turcica. He reported the first successful removal of a pituitary tumor via the transsphenoidal approach in 1906.

In 1906, Ballance first reported a surgical approach to treatment of cerebellar hemorrhages ^{1) 2)}.

1)
Cho SM, Hu C, Pyen JS, Whang K, Kim HJ, Han YP, et al. Predictors of outcome of spontaneous cerebellar hemorrhage. J Korean Neurosurg Soc. 1997 Oct;26(10):1395-1400.

2)
Dahdaleh NS, Dlouhy BJ, Viljoen SV, Capuano AW, Kung DK, Torner JC, Hasan DM, Howard MA 3rd. Clinical and radiographic predictors of neurological outcome following posterior fossa decompression for spontaneous cerebellar hemorrhage. J Clin Neurosci. 2012 Sep;19(9):1236-41. doi: 10.1016/j.jocn.2011.11.025. Epub 2012 Jun 20. PubMed PMID: 22721890.

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