

# 1837

## 1836-1838

Anterior sacral meningocele was first described in 1837 as a part of neural tube defect (NTD) spectrum.

The first case of Foix-Chavany-Marie Syndrome was reported in 1837 by Magnus. The syndrome was described by Foix Chavany et Marie in 1926<sup>1)</sup>, and called SFMC by Weller (1993). His literature review of 62 SFMC allowed the differentiation of five clinical types: the classical and most common form associated with cerebrovascular disease, a subacute form caused by central nervous system infections, a developmental form, a reversible form in children with epilepsy and a rare type associated with neurodegenerative disorders<sup>2)</sup>.

<sup>1)</sup>

Foix C, Chavany JA, Marie J (1926) Diplégie facio-linguomasticatrice d'origine souscorticale sans paralysie des membres (contribution à l'étude de la localisation des centres de la face du membre supérieur). Rev Neurol 33:214-219

<sup>2)</sup>

Laurent-Vannier A, Fadda G, Laigle P, Dusser A, Leroy-Malherbe V. [Foix-Chavany-Marie syndrome in a child caused by a head trauma]. Rev Neurol (Paris). 1999 May;155(5):387-90. Review. French.  
PubMed PMID: 10427603.

From:

<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/> - Neurosurgery Wiki



Permanent link:

<https://neurosurgerywiki.com/wiki/doku.php?id=1837>

Last update: 2024/06/07 02:56